

Write using fractional and/or negative exponents (where applicable).

SCORE: ____ / 8 PTS

[a] $(\sqrt[5]{n})^{20} = n^{\frac{20}{5}} = n^4$

[b] $\frac{1}{\sqrt{p^{25}}} = \frac{1}{p^{\frac{25}{2}}} = p^{-\frac{25}{2}}$

[c] $\sqrt[4]{b^{11}} = b^{\frac{11}{4}}$

Translate the following sentence into an absolute value equation or inequality.

SCORE: ____ / 6 PTS

" x is at least 7 away from -5 "

DISTANCE BETWEEN x AND -5 IS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 7

$$|x - -5| \geq 7 \rightarrow |x + 5| \geq 7$$

Find the equation of the circle with center $(9, -1)$ and radius 4.

SCORE: ____ / 6 PTS

$$(x - 9)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 4^2 \rightarrow (x - 9)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 16$$

Simplify $\sqrt{54r^9a^{16}v^{11}}$. Write your final answer using radicals.

SCORE: ____ / 6 PTS

$$\sqrt{9r^8a^{16}v^{10}}\sqrt{6rv} = 3r^4a^8\sqrt{5rv}$$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Write your final answers using radicals.

SCORE: ____ / 14 PTS

[a] $\sqrt{18g^7}\sqrt{30g^9}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \longdiv{18} \\ 3 \longdiv{18} \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 2 \longdiv{30} \\ 3 \longdiv{30} \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{5}\sqrt{g^{16}} \\ 6\sqrt{15}g^8$$

[b] $(2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{15} - 4\sqrt{6})$

$$2\sqrt{75} - 8\sqrt{30} + \sqrt{30} - 4\sqrt{12}$$

$$2(5\sqrt{3}) - 7\sqrt{30} - 4(2\sqrt{3})$$

$$10\sqrt{3} - 7\sqrt{30} - 8\sqrt{3}$$

$$2\sqrt{3} - 7\sqrt{30}$$

Solve the equation $17 - 4\sqrt{1-h} = 5$ using algebra. Check your answer(s).

SCORE: ____ / 8 PTS

$$-4\sqrt{1-h} = -12$$

$$\sqrt{1-h} = 3$$

$$1-h = 9$$

$$\boxed{h = -8}$$

$$17 - 4\sqrt{1-8}$$

$$= 17 - 4\sqrt{9}$$

$$= 17 - 4(3)$$

$$= 17 - 12$$

$$= 5 \quad \checkmark$$

Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

SCORE: ____ / 12 PTS

[a] $\frac{14}{5\sqrt{21}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{21}}$

$$= \frac{14\sqrt{21}}{5(21)}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{21}}{15}$$

[b] $\frac{15}{4+\sqrt{10}} \cdot \frac{4-\sqrt{10}}{4-\sqrt{10}}$

$$= \frac{15(4-\sqrt{10})}{16-10}$$

$$= \frac{15(4-\sqrt{10})}{6} = \frac{5(4-\sqrt{10})}{2}$$

If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x - 7$, find $f(a-3)$.

SCORE: ____ / 8 PTS

$$2(a-3)^2 - 5(a-3) - 7$$

$$= 2(a^2 - 6a + 9) - 5a + 15 - 7$$

$$= 2a^2 - 12a + 18 - 5a + 15 - 7$$

$$= 2a^2 - 17a + 26$$

The equation $9 - |13 - 5x| = 6$ has two solutions. One solution is $x = 2$. Find the other solution.

SCORE: ____ / 8 PTS

Check your answer.

$$-|13-5x| = -3$$

$$|13-5x| = 3$$

$$13-5x = 3 \text{ or } 13-5x = -3$$

$$-5x = -10$$

$$x = 2$$

$$-5x = -16$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{16}{5}}$$

$$9 - |13 - 5(\frac{16}{5})|$$

$$= 9 - |13 - 16|$$

$$= 9 - |-3|$$

$$= 9 - 3$$

$$= 6 \quad \checkmark$$

Divide. Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

SCORE: ____ / 6 PTS

$$\frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{108}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{18}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$$

$$\text{OR } \frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{18}} = \frac{\sqrt{18}}{18} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{18} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$$

$$\text{OR } \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{108}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{108}}{\sqrt{108}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{108}}{108} = \frac{18\sqrt{2}}{108} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$$

$\begin{array}{r} \hat{2} | 648 \\ 2 | 324 \\ 2 | 162 \\ 3 | 81 \\ 3 | 27 \\ 3 | 9 \\ 3 | 3 \\ 1 \end{array}$

Solve the equation $m + \sqrt{26 - 5m} = 4$ using algebra. Check your answer(s).

SCORE: ____ / 12 PTS

$$\sqrt{26-5m} = 4-m$$

$$26-5m = (4-m)^2$$

$$26-5m = 16-8m+m^2$$

$$0 = m^2-3m-10$$

$$0 = (m-5)(m+2)$$

$$m=5 \text{ or } \boxed{m=-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m=5 &: 5 + \sqrt{26-5(5)} \\ &= 5 + \sqrt{1} \\ &= 5 + 1 \\ &= 6 \quad \times \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m=-2 &: -2 + \sqrt{26-5(-2)} \\ &= -2 + \sqrt{36} \\ &= -2+6 \\ &= 4 \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

Solve $|8-3x| \geq 2$.



SCORE: ____ / 10 PTS

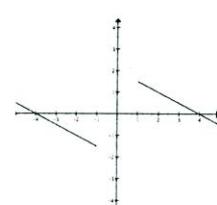
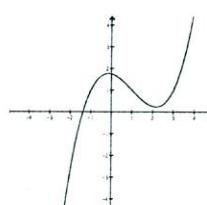
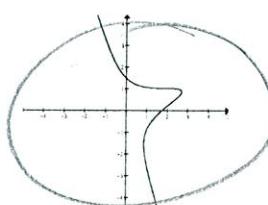
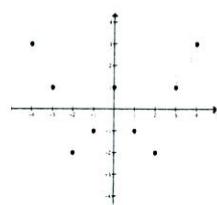
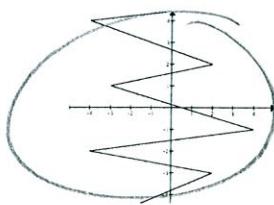
$$8-3x \leq -2 \text{ or } 8-3x \geq 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} -3x &\leq -10 \quad \text{or} \quad -3x \geq -6 \\ x &> \frac{10}{3} \quad \text{or} \quad x \leq 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$x \leq 2 \quad \text{or} \quad x > \frac{10}{3}$$

Circle the two graphs below that DO NOT represent functions.

SCORE: _____ / 6 PTS



Find the center and radius of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 12x - 10y + 13 = 0$.

SCORE: _____ / 8 PTS

$$x^2 + 12x + 36 + y^2 - 10y + 25 = -13 + 36 + 25$$

$$(x+6)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 48$$

CENTER $(-6, 5)$

$$\text{RADIUS } \sqrt{48} = 4\sqrt{3}$$

Simplify $\sqrt{686}$.

SCORE: _____ / 6 PTS

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 | 686 \\ 7 | 343 \\ \hline 7 | 49 \\ \hline 7 | 7 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} \quad 7\sqrt{14}$$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Write your final answers using fractional exponents.

SCORE: _____ / 10 PTS

$$\begin{aligned} [a] \quad \frac{\sqrt[6]{w}}{\sqrt[10]{w}} &= \frac{w^{\frac{1}{6}}}{w^{\frac{1}{10}}} \\ &= w^{\frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{10}} \\ &= w^{\frac{5-3}{30}} \\ &= w^{\frac{2}{20}} = w^{\frac{1}{10}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [b] \quad k^{\frac{2}{3}}k^6 &= k^{\frac{2}{3}+6} \\ &= k^{\frac{20}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

Find the distance between the points $(-5, -3)$ and $(3, -7)$. Write your final answer using radicals.

SCORE: _____ / 6 PTS

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{(3 - (-5))^2 + (-7 - (-3))^2} \\ &= \sqrt{8^2 + (-4)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{80} = 4\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$